Statement of Basis of the Federal Operating Permit

Chevron Phillips Chemical Company, LP

Site Name: Port Arthur Facility
Area Name: Chevron Phillips Port Arthur Plant
Physical Location: 2001 Gulfway Dr
Nearest City: Port Arthur
County: Jefferson

Permit Number: O1235 Project Type: Renewal

The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Code: 325110
NAICS Name: Petrochemical Manufacturing

This Statement of Basis sets forth the legal and factual basis for the draft permit conditions in accordance with 30 TAC §122.201(a)(4). Per 30 TAC §§ 122.241 and 243, the permit holder has submitted an application under § 122.134 for permit renewal. This document may include the following information:

A description of the facility/area process description;

A basis for applying permit shields;

A list of the federal regulatory applicability determinations;

A table listing the determination of applicable requirements;

A list of the New Source Review Requirements;

The rationale for periodic monitoring methods selected;

The rationale for compliance assurance methods selected:

A compliance status; and

A list of available unit attribute forms.

Prepared on: May 22, 2018

Operating Permit Basis of Determination

Permit Area Process Description

The Port Arthur Plant manufactures specialty petrochemicals from feedstocks. Specifically, process units at the plant produce ethylene and cyclohexane, which in turn, is sold to other chemical manufacturing plants to produce consumer products. This plant manufactures these products, by-products, and intermediates through distillation, reactions, and blending. Reactions taking place in the process units may be of chemical nature, or may also include heating and pressurization or vacuum production. Plant utility equipment plays a role in the various processes. These include heaters, water separators, wastewater systems, flares for pollution abatement, etc.

FOPs at Site

The "application area" consists of the emission units and that portion of the site included in the application and this permit. Multiple FOPs may be issued to a site in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.201(e). When there is only one area for the site, then the application information and permit will include all units at the site. Additional FOPs that exist at the site, if any, are listed below.

Additional FOPs: None

Major Source Pollutants

The table below specifies the pollutants for which the site is a major source:

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Major Pollutants	VOC, SO ₂ , PM, NO _X , HAPs, CO

Reading State of Texas's Federal Operating Permit

The Title V Federal Operating Permit (FOP) lists all state and federal air emission regulations and New Source Review (NSR) authorizations (collectively known as "applicable requirements") that apply at a particular site or permit area (in the event a site has multiple FOPs). **The FOP does not authorize new emissions or new construction activities.** The FOP begins with an introductory page which is common to all Title V permits. This page gives the details of the company, states the authority of the issuing agency, requires the company to operate in accordance with this permit and 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 122, requires adherence with NSR requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116, and finally indicates the permit number and the issuance date.

This is followed by the table of contents, which is generally composed of the following elements. Not all permits will have all of the elements.

- General Terms and Conditions
- Special Terms and Conditions
 - Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting
 - Additional Monitoring Requirements
 - New Source Review Authorization Requirements
 - Compliance Requirements
 - Protection of Stratosphere Ozone
 - Permit Location
 - Permit Shield (30 TAC § 122.148)
- Attachments
 - Applicable Requirements Summary
 - Unit Summary
 - Applicable Requirements Summary
 - Additional Monitoring Requirements
 - Permit Shield

- New Source Review Authorization References
- Compliance Plan
- Alternative Requirements
- Appendix A
 - Acronym list
- Appendix B
 - Copies of major NSR authorizations

General Terms and Conditions

The General Terms and Conditions are the same and appear in all permits. The first paragraph lists the specific citations for 30 TAC Chapter 122 requirements that apply to all Title V permit holders. The second paragraph describes the requirements for record retention. The third paragraph provides details for voiding the permit, if applicable. The fourth paragraph states that the permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116 by obtaining a New Source Review authorization prior to new construction or modification of emission units located in the area covered by this permit. The fifth paragraph provides details on submission of reports required by the permit.

Special Terms and Conditions

Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting. The TCEQ has designated certain applicable requirements as site-wide requirements. A site-wide requirement is a requirement that applies uniformly to all the units or activities at the site. Units with only site-wide requirements are addressed on Form OP-REQ1 and are not required to be listed separately on a OP-UA Form or Form OP-SUM. Form OP-SUM must list all units addressed in the application and provide identifying information, applicable OP-UA Forms, and preconstruction authorizations. The various OP-UA Forms provide the characteristics of each unit from which applicable requirements are established. Some exceptions exist as a few units may have both site-wide requirements and unit specific requirements.

Other conditions. The other entries under special terms and conditions are in general terms referring to compliance with the more detailed data listed in the attachments.

Attachments

Applicable Requirements Summary. The first attachment, the Applicable Requirements Summary, has two tables, addressing unit specific requirements. The first table, the Unit Summary, includes a list of units with applicable requirements, the unit type, the applicable regulation, and the requirement driver. The intent of the requirement driver is to inform the reader that a given unit may have several different operating scenarios and the differences between those operating scenarios.

The applicable requirements summary table provides the detailed citations of the rules that apply to the various units. For each unit and operating scenario, there is an added modifier called the "index number," detailed citations specifying monitoring and testing requirements, recordkeeping requirements, and reporting requirements. The data for this table are based on data supplied by the applicant on the OP-SUM and various OP-UA forms.

Additional Monitoring Requirement. The next attachment includes additional monitoring the applicant must perform to ensure compliance with the applicable standard. Compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) is often required to provide a reasonable assurance of compliance with applicable emission limitations/standards for large emission units that use control devices to achieve compliance with applicant requirements. When necessary, periodic monitoring (PM) requirements are specified for certain parameters (i.e. feed rates, flow rates, temperature, fuel type and consumption, etc.) to determine if a term and condition or emission unit is operating within specified limits to control emissions. These additional monitoring approaches may be required for two reasons. First, the applicable rules do not adequately specify monitoring requirements (exception- Maximum Achievable Control Technology Standards (MACTs) generally have sufficient monitoring), and second, monitoring may be required to fill gaps in the monitoring requirements of certain applicable requirements. In situations where the NSR permit is the applicable requirement requiring extra monitoring for a specific emission unit, the preferred solution is to have the monitoring requirements in the NSR permit updated so that all NSR requirements are consolidated in the NSR permit.

Permit Shield. A permit may or may not have a permit shield, depending on whether an applicant has applied for, and justified the granting of, a permit shield. A permit shield is a special condition included in the permit document stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirement(s) or specified applicable state-only requirement(s).

New Source Review Authorization References. All activities which are related to emissions in the state of Texas must have a NSR authorization prior to beginning construction. This section lists all units in the permit and the NSR authorization that allowed the unit to be constructed or modified. Units that do not have unit specific applicable requirements other than the NSR authorization do not need to be listed in this attachment. While NSR permits are not physically a part of the Title V permit, they are legally incorporated into the Title V permit by reference. Those NSR permits whose emissions exceed certain PSD/NA thresholds must also undergo a Federal review of federally regulated pollutants in addition to review for state regulated pollutants.

Compliance Plan. A permit may have a compliance schedule attachment for listing corrective actions plans for any emission unit that is out of compliance with an applicable requirement.

Alternative Requirements. This attachment will list any alternative monitoring plans or alternative means of compliance for applicable requirements that have been approved by the EPA Administrator and/or the TCEQ Executive Director.

Appendix A

Acronym list. This attachment lists the common acronyms used when discussing the FOPs.

Appendix B

Copies of major NSR authorizations applicable to the units covered by this permit have been included in this Appendix, to ensure that all interested persons can access those authorizations.

Stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111, Subchapter A, § 111.111(a)(1)(B) addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

The site contains stationary vents with a flowrate less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute (acfm) and constructed after January 31, 1972 which are limited, over a six-minute average, to 20% opacity as required by 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). As a site may have a large number of stationary vents that fall into this category, they are not required to be listed individually in the permit's Applicable Requirement Summary. This is consistent with EPA's White Paper for Streamlined Development of Part 70 Permit Applications, July 10, 1995, that states that requirements that apply identically to emission units at a site can be treated on a generic basis such as source-wide opacity limits.

Periodic monitoring is specified in Special Term and Condition 3 for stationary vents subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) to verify compliance with the 20% opacity limit. These vents are not expected to produce visible emissions during normal operation. The TCEQ evaluated the probability of these sources violating the opacity standards and determined that there is a very low potential that an opacity standard would be exceeded. It was determined that continuous monitoring for these sources is not warranted as there would be very limited environmental benefit in continuously monitoring sources that have a low potential to produce visible emissions. Therefore, the TCEQ set the visible observation monitoring frequency for these sources to once per calendar quarter.

The TCEQ has exempted vents that are not capable of producing visible emissions from periodic monitoring requirements. These vents include sources of colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, and other materials that cannot produce emissions that obstruct the transmission of light. Passive ventilation vents, such as plumbing vents, are also included in this category. Since this category of vents are not capable of producing opacity due to the physical or chemical characteristics of the emission source, periodic monitoring is not required as it would not yield any additional data to assure compliance with the 20% opacity standard of 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B).

In the event that visible emissions are detected, either through the quarterly observation or other credible evidence, such as observations from company personnel, the permit holder shall either report a deviation or perform a Test Method 9 observation to determine the opacity consistent with the 6-minute averaging time specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). An additional provision is included to monitor combustion sources more frequently than quarterly if alternate fuels are

burned for periods greater than 24 consecutive hours. This will address possible emissions that may arise when switching fuel types.

Stationary Vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111 not addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

All other stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111 not covered in the Special Terms and Conditions are listed in the permit's Applicable Requirement Summary. The basis for the applicability determinations for these vents are listed in the Determination of Applicable Requirements table.

Federal Regulatory Applicability Determinations

The following chart summarizes the applicability of the principal air pollution regulatory programs to the permit area:

Regulatory Program	Applicability (Yes/No)
Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)	Yes
Nonattainment New Source Review (NNSR)	No
Minor NSR	Yes
40 CFR Part 60 - New Source Performance Standards	Yes
40 CFR Part 61 - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs)	Yes
40 CFR Part 63 - NESHAPs for Source Categories	Yes
Title IV (Acid Rain) of the Clean Air Act (CAA)	No
Title V (Federal Operating Permits) of the CAA	Yes
Title VI (Stratospheric Ozone Protection) of the CAA	Yes
CSAPR (Cross-State Air Pollution Rule)	No

Basis for Applying Permit Shields

An operating permit applicant has the opportunity to specifically request a permit shield to document that specific applicable requirements do not apply to emission units in the permit. A permit shield is a special condition stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirements or specified potentially applicable state-only requirements. A permit shield has been requested in the application for specific emission units. For the permit shield requests that have been approved, the basis of determination for regulations that the owner/operator need not comply with are located in the "Permit Shield" attachment of the permit.

Insignificant Activities

In general, units not meeting the criteria for inclusion on either Form OP-SUM or Form OP-REQ1 are not required to be addressed in the operating permit application. Examples of these types of units include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Office activities such as photocopying, blueprint copying, and photographic processes.

- 2. Sanitary sewage collection and treatment facilities other than those used to incinerate wastewater treatment plant sludge. Stacks or vents for sanitary sewer plumbing traps are also included.
- 3. Food preparation facilities including, but not limited to, restaurants and cafeterias used for preparing food or beverages primarily for consumption on the premises.
- 4. Outdoor barbecue pits, campfires, and fireplaces.
- 5. Laundry dryers, extractors, and tumblers processing bedding, clothing, or other fabric items generated primarily at the premises. This does not include emissions from dry cleaning systems using perchloroethylene or petroleum solvents.
- 6. Facilities storing only dry, sweet natural gas, including natural gas pressure regulator vents.
- 7. Any air separation or other industrial gas production, storage, or packaging facility. Industrial gases, for purposes of this list, include only oxygen, nitrogen, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 8. Storage and handling of sealed portable containers, cylinders, or sealed drums.
- 9. Vehicle exhaust from maintenance or repair shops.
- 10. Storage and use of non-VOC products or equipment for maintaining motor vehicles operated at the site (including but not limited to, antifreeze and fuel additives).
- 11. Air contaminant detectors and recorders, combustion controllers and shut-off devices, product analyzers, laboratory analyzers, continuous emissions monitors, other analyzers and monitors, and emissions associated with sampling activities. Exception to this category includes sampling activities that are deemed fugitive emissions and under a regulatory leak detection and repair program.
- 12. Bench scale laboratory equipment and laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical and physical analysis, including but not limited to, assorted vacuum producing devices and laboratory fume hoods.
- 13. Steam vents, steam leaks, and steam safety relief valves, provided the steam (or boiler feedwater) has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 14. Storage of water that has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 15. Well cellars.
- 16. Fire or emergency response equipment and training, including but not limited to, use of fire control equipment including equipment testing and training, and open burning of materials or fuels associated with firefighting training.
- 17. Crucible or pot furnaces with a brim full capacity of less than 450 cubic inches of any molten metal.
- 18. Equipment used exclusively for the melting or application of wax.
- 19. All closed tumblers used for the cleaning or deburring of metal products without abrasive blasting, and all open tumblers with a batch capacity of 1,000 lbs. or less.
- 20. Shell core and shell mold manufacturing machines.
- 21. Sand or investment molds with a capacity of 100 lbs. or less used for the casting of metals;
- 22. Equipment used for inspection of metal products.
- 23. Equipment used exclusively for rolling, forging, pressing, drawing, spinning, or extruding either hot or cold metals by some mechanical means.
- 24. Instrument systems utilizing air, natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen, carbon dioxide, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 25. Battery recharging areas.
- 26. Brazing, soldering, or welding equipment.

Determination of Applicable Requirements

The tables below include the applicability determinations for the emission units, the index number(s) where applicable, and all relevant unit attribute information used to form the basis of the applicability determination. The unit attribute information is a description of the physical properties of an emission unit which is used to determine the requirements to which the permit holder must comply. For more information about the descriptions of the unit attributes specific Unit Attribute Forms may be viewed at www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air all ua forms.html.

A list of unit attribute forms is included at the end of this document. Some examples of unit attributes include construction date; product stored in a tank; boiler fuel type; etc.. Generally, multiple attributes are needed to determine the requirements for a given emission unit and index number. The table below lists these attributes in the column entitled "Basis of Determination." Attributes that demonstrate that an applicable requirement applies will be the factual basis for the specific citations in an applicable requirement that apply to a unit for that index number. The TCEQ Air Permits Division has developed flowcharts for determining applicability of state and federal regulations based on the unit attribute

information in a Decision Support System (DSS). These flowcharts can be accessed via the internet at www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_supportsys.html. The Air Permits Division staff may also be contacted for assistance at (512) 239-1250.

The attributes for each unit and corresponding index number provide the basis for determining the specific legal citations in an applicable requirement that apply, including emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting. The rules were found to apply or not apply by using the unit attributes as answers to decision questions found in the flowcharts of the DSS. Some additional attributes indicate which legal citations of a rule apply. The legal citations that apply to each emission unit may be found in the Applicable Requirements Summary table of the draft permit. There may be some entries or rows of units and rules not found in the permit, or if the permit contains a permit shield, repeated in the permit shield area. These are sets of attributes that describe negative applicability, or; in other words, the reason why a potentially applicable requirement does not apply.

If applicability determinations have been made which differ from the available flowcharts, an explanation of the decisions involved in the applicability determination is specified in the column "Changes and Exceptions to RRT." If there were no exceptions to the DSS, then this column has been removed.

The draft permit includes all emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting required by each applicable requirement. If an applicable requirement does not require monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting, the word "None" will appear in the Applicable Requirements Summary table. If additional periodic monitoring is required for an applicable requirement, it will be explained in detail in the portion of this document entitled "Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected."

When attributes demonstrate that a unit is not subject to an applicable requirement, the applicant may request a permit shield for those items. The portion of this document entitled "Basis for Applying Permit Shields" specifies which units, if any, have a permit shield.

Operational Flexibility

When an emission unit has multiple operating scenarios, it will have a different index number associated with each operating condition. This means that units are permitted to operate under multiple operating conditions. The applicable requirements for each operating condition are determined by a unique set of unit attributes. For example, a tank may store two different products at different points in time. The tank may, therefore, need to comply with two distinct sets of requirements, depending on the product that is stored. Both sets of requirements are included in the permit, so that the permit holder may store either product in the tank.

Determination of Applicable Requirements

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
ADMINGEN	30 TAC Chapter 117,	R7100	Horsepower Rating = HP is less than 300
	Subchapter B		RACT Date Placed in Service = After June 9, 1993 and on or after the final compliance date specified in 30 TAC §§ 117.9000, 117.9010 or 117.9020
			Functionally Identical Replacement = Unit is not a functionally identical replacement
			Type of Service = Used exclusively in emergency situations [claiming the emergency service exemption under 30 TAC $\S 117.103(a)(6)(D)$, $117.203(a)(6)(D)$, $117.303(a)(6)(D)$ or $117.403(a)(7)(D)$]
			Fuel Fired = Fuel gas other than natural gas, landfill gas and renewable, non-fossil fuel gas
			Engine Type = Rich-burn
ADMINGEN	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005.
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.
			Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than 560 KW and less than or equal to 2237 KW.
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.
			Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder.
			Service = CI ICE is an emergency engine.
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE meets the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.
			Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005.
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 04/01/2006.
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2012.
ADMINGEN	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
AIRJAM1	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005.
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.
			Kilowatts = Power rating greater than or equal to 130 KW and less than or equal to 368 KW.
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.
			Filter = The CI ICE is not equipped with a diesel particulate filter.
			Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder.
			Service = CI ICE is a non-emergency engine.
			Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005.
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.
			Generator Set = The CI ICE is not a generator set engine.
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 04/01/2006.
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2007.
AIRJAM1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.
			Service Type = Normal use.
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine
AIRJAM2	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005.
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.
			Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than or equal to 130 KW and less than or equal to 2237 KW.
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.
			Filter = The CI ICE is not equipped with a diesel particulate filter.
			Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder.
			Service = CI ICE is a non-emergency engine.
			Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005.
			Compliance Option = Records are being kept of manufacturer data according to §60.4211(b)(3).
			Generator Set = The CI ICE is not a generator set engine.
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 04/01/2006.
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured prior to model year 2007.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
AIRJAM2	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.
			Service Type = Normal use.
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine
BOILERGEN	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005.
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.
			Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than 560 KW and less than or equal to 2237 KW.
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.
			Filter = The CI ICE is equipped with a diesel particulate filter.
			Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder.
			Service = CI ICE is an emergency engine.
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE meets the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.
			Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005.
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 04/01/2006.
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2010.
BOILERGEN	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
BOILERSW	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005.
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.
			Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than or equal to 75 KW and less than 130 KW.
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.
			Filter = The CI ICE is equipped with a diesel particulate filter.
			Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder.
			Service = CI ICE is an emergency engine.
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE meets the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.
			Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005.
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 04/01/2006.
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2012.
BOILERSW	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than 250 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
CONTROLRM	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005.
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.
			Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than 560 KW and less than or equal to 2237 KW.
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.
			Filter = The CI ICE is equipped with a diesel particulate filter.
			Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder.
			Service = CI ICE is an emergency engine.
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE meets the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.
			Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005.
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 04/01/2006.
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2011.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
CONTROLRM	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
E-10-1544	30 TAC Chapter 117,	R7100	Horsepower Rating = HP is greater than or equal to 300
	Subchapter B		RACT Date Placed in Service = After June 9, 1993 and on or after the final compliance date specified in 30 TAC §§ 117.9000, 117.9010 or 117.9020
			Functionally Identical Replacement = Unit is not a functionally identical replacement
			Fuel Fired = Petroleum-based diesel fuel
E-10-1544	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005.
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.
			Kilowatts = Power rating greater than or equal to 130 KW and less than or equal to 368 KW.
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.
			Filter = The CI ICE is not equipped with a diesel particulate filter.
			Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder.
			Service = CI ICE is a non-emergency engine.
			Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005.
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.
			Generator Set = The CI ICE is not a generator set engine.
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 04/01/2006.
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2012.
E-10-1544	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.
			Service Type = Normal use.
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine
E-11-1544	30 TAC Chapter 117,	R7100	Horsepower Rating = HP is greater than or equal to 300
	Subchapter B		RACT Date Placed in Service = After June 9, 1993 and on or after the final compliance date specified in 30 TAC §§ 117.9000, 117.9010 or 117.9020
			Functionally Identical Replacement = Unit is not a functionally identical replacement
			Fuel Fired = Petroleum-based diesel fuel

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
E-11-1544	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.
			Service Type = Normal use.
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine
J-3	30 TAC Chapter 117,	R7100	Horsepower Rating = HP is greater than or equal to 300
	Subchapter B		RACT Date Placed in Service = After June 9, 1993 and on or after the final compliance date specified in 30 TAC §§ 117.9000, 117.9010 or 117.9020
			Functionally Identical Replacement = Unit is not a functionally identical replacement
			Type of Service = Used exclusively in emergency situations [claiming the emergency service exemption under 30 TAC §§ 117.103(a)(6)(D), 117.203(a)(6)(D), 117.303(a)(6)(D) or 117.403(a)(7)(D)]
			Fuel Fired = Petroleum-based diesel fuel
J-3	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005.
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.
			Service = CI ICE is an emergency engine.
			Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005.
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was on or prior to 04/01/2006.
J-3	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
J-4	30 TAC Chapter 117,	R7100	Horsepower Rating = HP is greater than or equal to 300
	Subchapter B		RACT Date Placed in Service = After June 9, 1993 and on or after the final compliance date specified in 30 TAC §§ 117.9000, 117.9010 or 117.9020
			Functionally Identical Replacement = Unit is not a functionally identical replacement
			Type of Service = Used exclusively in emergency situations [claiming the emergency service exemption under 30 TAC §§ 117.103(a)(6)(D), 117.203(a)(6)(D), 117.303(a)(6)(D) or 117.403(a)(7)(D)]
			Fuel Fired = Petroleum-based diesel fuel

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
J-4	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005. Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement. Service = CI ICE is an emergency engine. Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005. Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was on or prior to 04/01/2006.
J-4	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2. Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than 500 HP. Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006. Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
RADTWRENG2	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005. Diesel = Diesel fuel is used. Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than or equal to 37 KW and less than 75 KW. Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement. Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder. Service = CI ICE is an emergency engine. Standards = The emergency CI ICE meets the standards applicable to non-emergency engines. Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005. Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions. Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 04/01/2006. Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2015.
RADTWRENG2	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63 <i>ZZZZ</i>	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2. Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP less than 100 HP. Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006. Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
SWPUMPENG	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7100	Horsepower Rating = HP is less than 300 Type of Service = Used exclusively in emergency situations [claiming the emergency service exemption under 30 TAC §§ 117.103(a)(6)(D), 117.203(a)(6)(D), 117.303(a)(6)(D) or 117.403(a)(7)(D)] Fuel Fired = Petroleum-based diesel fuel

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
SWPUMPENG	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-1	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than 250 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine
FA-124	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
			Control Device Type = Flare
GEN6000TK	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
GRPSMLTK1	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
T-2158	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
T-2158	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
T-2176	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
T-2176	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.
T-2177	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
T-2177	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.
T-502	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
T-800	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
T-800	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63G	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).
			Seal Type = Metallic shoe seal (as defined in 40 CFR § 63.111)
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)
			Emission Control Type = Internal floating roof

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
T-809	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
T-815	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
T-815	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63G-1	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).
			Seal Type = Metallic shoe seal (as defined in 40 CFR § 63.111)
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)
			Emission Control Type = Internal floating roof
T-816	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
T-816	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-1	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal
T-822	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
T-822	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-1	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal
T-834	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
T-834	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia
			Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating roof using a mechanical shoe seal
T-DIES-ETH-A	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
T-DIES-ETH-B	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
T-FB-203	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
TK-6800	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
TK-6810	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
TK-C13125	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
TK-C38341	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
TK-C38342	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
TK-C38343	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
TK-C38344	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
TK-C38417	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
TK-C38418	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
TK-C38419	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
TK-FA214XR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
TK-N80120	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
XV-9	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
			Control Device Type = Flare
XV-9	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-2	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 19,800 gallons (75,000 liters) but less than 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 4.0 psia but less than 11.1 psia
			Storage Vessel Description = Closed vent system (CVS) with a flare used as the control device (fixed roof)
REGVLD	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading	R5121-1	Chapter 115 Control Device Type = No control device.
	and Unloading of VOC		Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.
			Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.
			Vapor Tight = Not all liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected.
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.
			Transfer Type = Loading and unloading.
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure less than 0.5 psia.
			Daily Throughput = Daily throughput not determined since 30 TAC § 115.217(a)(2)(A) or 30 TAC § 115.217(b)(3)(A) exemption is not utilized.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
REGVLD	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading	R5121-2	Chapter 115 Control Device Type = No control device.
	and Unloading of VOC		Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.
			Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.
			Vapor Tight = Not all liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected.
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.
			Transfer Type = Only unloading.
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure greater than or equal to 0.5 psia.
			Daily Throughput = Daily throughput not determined since 30 TAC § 115.217(a)(2)(A) or 30 TAC § 115.217(b)(3)(A) exemption is not utilized.
BA-113	30 TAC Chapter 117,	R7201	Diluent CEMS = The process heater does not use a carbon dioxide CEMS to monitor diluent.
	Subchapter B		Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).
			Unit Type = Process heater
			30 TAC Chapter 116 Limit = NO _x emission limit in 30 TAC § 117.105 is not greater than the NO _x emission limit in a 30 TAC Chapter 116 permit
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.110(c)(1)
			Maximum Rated Capacity = Maximum rated capacity is at least 100 MMBtu/hr, but less than 200 MMBtu/hr.
			CO Monitoring System = Continuous emission monitoring system complying with 30 TAC § 117.8100(a)(1).
			NOx Emission Limit Basis = Emission limit in lb/hr (or ppm by volume at 15% oxygen, dry basis) on a block one-hour average
			RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992
			NOx Reduction = No NO _x control method
			Common Stack Combined = Unit is vented through a common stack, the total rated heat input from combined units is at least 250 MMBtu/hr and the annual combined heat input is greater than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr.
			Fuel Type #1 = Gaseous fuel other than natural gas, landfill gas, or renewable non-fossil fuel gases.
			NOx Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr, based on a rolling 12-month average.
			NOx Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.110(a)(2)
BA-113	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDD	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began after June 4, 2010.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
GRPFUR01	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7201	Diluent CEMS = The process heater does not use a carbon dioxide CEMS to monitor diluent.
			Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).
			Unit Type = Process heater
			30 TAC Chapter 116 Limit = NO_x emission limit in 30 TAC § 117.105 is not greater than the NO_x emission limit in a 30 TAC Chapter 116 permit
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.110(c)(1)
			Maximum Rated Capacity = Maximum rated capacity is at least 100 MMBtu/hr, but less than 200 MMBtu/hr.
			CO Monitoring System = Continuous emission monitoring system complying with 30 TAC § 117.8100(a)(1).
			NOx Emission Limit Basis = Emission limit in lb/hr (or ppm by volume at 15% oxygen, dry basis) on a block one-hour average
			RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992
			NOx Reduction = No NO _x control method
			Common Stack Combined = Unit is vented through a common stack, the total rated heat input from combined units is at least 250 MMBtu/hr and the annual combined heat input is greater than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr.
			Fuel Type #1 = Gaseous fuel other than natural gas, landfill gas, or renewable non-fossil fuel gases.
			NOx Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr, based on a rolling 12-month average.
			NOx Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.110(a)(2)
GRPFUR02	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7201	Unit Type = Process heater
			30 TAC Chapter 116 Limit = NO _x emission limit in 30 TAC § 117.105 is greater than the NO _x emission limit in a 30 TAC Chapter 116 permit
			Maximum Rated Capacity = Maximum rated capacity is at least 200 MMBtu/hr.
			NOx Emission Limit Basis = Emission limit in lb/MMBtu on a rolling 30-day average
			RACT Date Placed in Service = After June 9, 1993 and before the final compliance date specified in 30 TAC §§ 117.9000, 117.9010 or 117.9020(1).
			Functionally Identical Replacement = Unit is not a functionally identical replacement.
			NOx Reduction = No NO _x control method
			NOx Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system
GRPFUR03	30 TAC Chapter 117,	R7ICI-26	Unit Type = Process heater
	Subchapter B		Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is less than 40 MMBtu/hr.
GRPBOIL	30 TAC Chapter 117,	R7110-1	Unit Type = Other industrial, commercial, or institutional boiler.
	Subchapter B		Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is greater than or equal to 250 MMBtu/hr.
			RACT Date Placed in Service = On or after the final compliance date specified in 30 TAC § 117.9000.
			Functionally Identical Replacement = Unit is a functionally identical replacement.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
GRPBOIL	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Db	60Db-1	60.42b(k)(2) Low Sulfur Exemption = The § 60.42b(k)(2) exemption applies.
			Alternate Emission Limit (AEL) = The facility combusts byproduct/waste with either natural gas or oil and did not petition the EPA Administrator to establish a NO_x emission limit that applies specifically when the byproduct/waste is combusted.
			Construction/Modification Date = Constructed or reconstructed after February 28, 2005.
			D-Series Fuel Type #1 = Byproduct/waste.
			Heat Input Capacity = Heat input capacity is greater than 250 MMBtu/hr (73 MW).
			PM Monitoring Type = No particulate monitoring.
			Facility Type = The affected facility includes a fuel gas combustion device.
			Opacity Monitoring Type = No particulate (opacity) monitoring.
			Subpart Da = The affected facility does not meet applicability requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Da.
			Changes to Existing Affected Facility = No change has been made to the existing steam generating unit, which was not previously subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Db, for the sole purpose of combusting gases containing totally reduced sulfur as defined under 40 CFR § 60.281.
			Monitoring Device = An instrument is in place for continuous monitoring and recording the concentration (dry basis) of hydrogen sulfide in fuel gasses before being burned in any fuel gas combustion device.
			NOx Monitoring Type = Continuous emission monitoring system.
			Common Fuel Source = The fuel gas combustion device has a common fuel source with other fuel gas combustion devices.
			Electrical or Mechanical Output = More than 10% of the annual output is electrical or mechanical.
			SO2 Monitoring Type = No SO ₂ monitoring.
			Subpart Ea, Eb or AAAA = The affected facility does not meet applicability requirements of and is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ea, Eb or AAAA.
			Subpart J = The affected facility meets applicability requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart J.
			Subpart KKKK = The affected facility is not a heat recovery steam generator associated with combined cycle gas turbines and that meets applicability requirements of and is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK.
			Technology Type = None.
			ACF Option - SO2 = Other ACF or no ACF.
			Subpart Cb or BBBB = The affected facility is not covered by an EPA approved State or Federal section 111(d)/129 plan implementing 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Cb or BBBB emission guidelines.
			Unit Type = OTHER UNIT TYPE
			ACF Option - PM = Other ACF or no ACF.
			Heat Release Rate = Natural gas oil with a heat release rate greater than 70 MBtu/hr/ft ³ .
			60.49Da(n) Alternative = The facility is not using the § 60.49Da(n) alternative.
			ACF Option - NOx = Other ACF or no ACF.
GRPBOIL	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDD-01	Construction/Reconstruction Date = Construction or reconstruction began after June 4, 2010.
E-24-FLARE	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible	R1111	Acid Gases Only = Flare is not used only as an acid gas flare as defined in 30 TAC § 101.1.
	Emissions		Emergency/Upset Conditions Only = Flare is used under conditions other than emergency or upset conditions.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
E-24-FLARE	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-1	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.
			Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)
E-24-FLARE	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-2	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.
			Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
E-24-FLARE	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-3	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.
			Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is greater than 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm)
E-24-FLARE	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-1	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.
			Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)
E-24-FLARE	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-2	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.
			Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
E-24-FLARE	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-3	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.
			Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is greater than 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
F-17-FLARE	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	R1111	Acid Gases Only = Flare is not used only as an acid gas flare as defined in 30 TAC § 101.1. Emergency/Upset Conditions Only = Flare is used under conditions other than emergency or upset conditions.
F-17-FLARE	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-1	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18. Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4). Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)
F-17-FLARE	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-2	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18. Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4). Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec). Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
F-17-FLARE	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-3	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18. Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4). Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec). Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is greater than 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm)
F-17-FLARE	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-1	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63. Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8). Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)
F-17-FLARE	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-2	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63. Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8). Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec). Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
F-17-FLARE	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-3	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.
			Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is greater than 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
F-40-FLARE	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible	R1111	Acid Gases Only = Flare is not used only as an acid gas flare as defined in 30 TAC § 101.1.
	Emissions		Emergency/Upset Conditions Only = Flare is used under conditions other than emergency or upset conditions.
F-40-FLARE	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-1	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.
			Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)
F-40-FLARE	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-2	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.
			Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
F-40-FLARE	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-3	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.
			Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is greater than 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm)
F-40-FLARE	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-1	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.
			Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
F-40-FLARE	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-2	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.
			Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
F-40-FLARE	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-3	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.
			Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is greater than 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
FUGITIVES	30 TAC Chapter 115, Pet. Refinery & Petrochemicals	R5352-ALL	SOP/GOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes VOC fugitive control requirements for all components subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter D, Division 3 with no alternate control or control device.
			Title 30 TAC § 115.352 Applicable = Site is a petroleum refinery, synthetic organic chemical, polymer resin or methyl tert-butyl ether manufacturing process or a natural gas/gasoline processing operation as defined in 30 TAC 115.10.
			Less Than 250 Components at Site = Fugitive unit not located at site with less than 250 fugitive components.
			Reciprocating Compressors Or Positive Displacement Pumps = The fugitive unit has reciprocating compressors or positive displacement pumps used in natural gas/gasoline processing operations.
FUGITIVES	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart VV	60VV-ALL	SOP Index No. = Owner or operator assumes fugitive unit control requirements for all components in VOC service subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart VV with no alternate control or control devices.
			Produces Chemicals = The fugitive unit is part of a facility that produces as an intermediate or final product one or more of the chemicals listed in 40 CFR § 60.489.
			Affected Facility = The fugitive unit is part of a facility that is an affected facility as defined in 40 CFR § 60.480(a)(2).
			Produces Heavy Liquid Chemicals = The facility produces chemicals other than or in addition to heavy liquid chemicals only from heavy liquid feed or raw materials.
			Beverage Alcohol Production = The facility does not produce only beverage alcohol.
FUGITIVES	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart J	61J-ALL	SOP Index No. = OWNER/OPERATOR ASSUMES FUGITIVE CONTROL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL COMPONENTS IN BENZENE SERVICE SUBJECT TO NESHAPS J WITH NO ALTERNATE CONTROL OR CONTROL DEVICE
FUGITIVES	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart V	61V-ALL	SOP Index No. = Owner or operator assumes fugitive unit control requirements for all components in benzene service subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart V with no alternate control or control device.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
FUGITIVES	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart H	63H-ALL	SOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes fugitive control requirements for all components in VOC or VHAP service subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart H with no alternated control or control device.
			BYPASS LINES = FUGITIVE UNIT WITH A CLOSED-VENT SYSTEM DOES NOT CONTAIN A BY-PASS LINE THAT COULD DIVERT A VENT STREAM AWAY FROM THE CONTROL DEVICE AND TO THE ATMOSPHERE
			EQUIPMENT TYPE = FUGITIVE UNIT CONTAINS EQUIPMENT LISTED IN 40 CFR § 63.160(A) WHICH IS OPERATED IN ORGANIC HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANT SERVICE
			NON RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT/BATCH PROCESSES = FUGITIVE UNIT CONTAINS ONLY PROCESSES FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FACILITIES AND BENCH-SCALE BATCH PROCESSES
			UNSAFE TO INSPECT = FUGITIVE UNIT CONTAINS ANY CLOSED-VENT SYSTEM WITH PARTS DESIGNATED AS UNSAFE TO INSPECT
			DIFFICULT TO INSPECT = FUGITIVE UNIT CONTAINS ANY CLOSED-VENT SYSTEM WITH PARTS DESIGNATED AS DIFFICULT TO INSPECT
			EMPLOYEE NUMBER = THE CORPORATION EMPLOYS 100 OR MORE PERSONS
FUGITIVES	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63UU-ALL	Source Type = Ethylene Production.
			Equipment Type = The fugitive unit contains equipment, as defined in § 63.1101, contacting hazardous air pollutants in Tables 1 through 7 or Table 9, as appropriate.
E-137-CT	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Heat Exchange System = The cooling tower/heat exchange system is subject to the requirements of 40 CFR § 63.1100(e).
T-2000	30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	R5131-1	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910.
			Exemption = Water separator does not qualify for exemption.
			Emission Control Option = Vapor recovery system which satisfies the provisions of 30 TAC § 115.131.
			Control Device = Control device or vapor recovery system other than a chiller, carbon adsorber, or incinerator.
T-2000	30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	R5131-2	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910.
	,		Exemption = Water separator does not qualify for exemption.
			Emission Control Option = Vapor recovery system which satisfies the provisions of 30 TAC § 115.131.
			Control Device = Control device or vapor recovery system other than a chiller, carbon adsorber, or incinerator.
T-2000	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-1	Alternate Means of Compliance = NO
			By-Pass Line = THE CLOSED VENT SYSTEM HAS NO BY-PASS LINE
			Alternative Standards for Oil-Water Separator = NO
			Control Device Type/Operation = FLARE
			Fuel Gas System = EMISSIONS ARE ROUTED TO A CONTROL DEVICE
			Cover and Closed Vent = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM IS OPERATED SUCH THAT THE OIL-WATER SEPARATOR IS MAINTAINED AT NON-NEGATIVE PRESSURE (GREATER THAN ATMOSPHERIC)
			Close Vent System and Control Device AMOC = COMPLYING WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF § 61.349

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
T-2000	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-2	Alternate Means of Compliance = NO By-Pass Line = THE CLOSED VENT SYSTEM HAS NO BY-PASS LINE
			Alternative Standards for Oil-Water Separator = NO
			Control Device Type/Operation = FLARE
			Fuel Gas System = EMISSIONS ARE ROUTED TO A CONTROL DEVICE
			Cover and Closed Vent = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM IS OPERATED SUCH THAT THE OIL-WATER SEPARATOR IS MAINTAINED AT NON-NEGATIVE PRESSURE (GREATER THAN ATMOSPHERIC)
			Close Vent System and Control Device AMOC = COMPLYING WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF § 61.349
E-01A-1544	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.
	Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972
E-17-HDR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
E-17-HDR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-2	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
E-17-HDR	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63G-2	Alternate Monitoring Parameters = The EPA Administrator has not approved alternate monitoring parameters or alternate monitoring parameters are not used.
			Control Device = Flare
			Overlap = Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN
			Group 1 = The process vent meets the definition of a Group 1 process vent.
			Continuous Monitoring = Complying with the continuous monitoring requirements of 40 CFR §§ 63.114, 63.117, and 63.118.
			Halogenated = Vent stream is not halogenated.
			Regulation = Owners or operator is required to comply only with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G.
			By-pass Lines = The vent system does not contain by-pass lines that can divert the vent stream from the control device.
			Performance Test = A performance test was conducted for determining compliance with a regulation promulgated by the EPA using the same methods specified in Subpart G and either no process changes have been made, or the results reliably indicate compliance.
E-17-HDR	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Ethylene production
E-24-HDR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
E-24-HDR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-2	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.
E-24-HDR	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Ethylene production

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
E-40-HDR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
E-40-HDR		R5121-2	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.
E-40-HDR	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63G-1	Alternate Monitoring Parameters = The EPA Administrator has not approved alternate monitoring parameters or alternate monitoring parameters are not used.
			Control Device = Flare
			Overlap = Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN
			Group 1 = The process vent meets the definition of a Group 1 process vent.
			Continuous Monitoring = Complying with the continuous monitoring requirements of 40 CFR §§ 63.114, 63.117, and 63.118.
			Halogenated = Vent stream is not halogenated.
			Regulation = Owners or operator is required to comply only with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G.
			By-pass Lines = The vent system does not contain by-pass lines that can divert the vent stream from the control device.
			Performance Test = A performance test was conducted for determining compliance with a regulation promulgated by the EPA using the same methods specified in Subpart G and either no process changes have been made, or the results reliably indicate compliance.
E-40-HDR	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Ethylene production

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
EUCATSTACK	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.
FA-129	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.
FA-129	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Ethylene production
FGHDR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
FGHDR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-10	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
			Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
FGHDR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-2	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.
FGHDR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-3	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
FGHDR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.
FGHDR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-5	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
FGHDR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-6	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.
FGHDR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-7	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.
FGHDR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-8	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.
FGHDR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-9	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor.
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
GRPBOIL	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.
	Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).
			Construction Date = After January 31, 1972
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is at least 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.
GRPFUR01	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.
	Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.
GRPFUR01	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Ethylene production
GRPFUR02	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).
			Construction Date = After January 31, 1972
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.
GRPFUR02	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Ethylene production
GRPFUR03	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
DEG1	30 TAC Chapter 115,	R5412(1)	Solvent Degreasing Machine Type = Cold solvent cleaning machine.
	Degreasing Processes		Alternate Control Requirement = The TCEQ Executive Director has not approved an alternative control requirement as allowed under 30 TAC § 115.413 or not alternative has been requested.
			Solvent Sprayed = A solvent is sprayed.
			Solvent Vapor Pressure = Solvent vapor pressure is less than or equal to 0.6 psia as measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit.
			Solvent Heated = The solvent is not heated to a temperature greater than 120° F.
			Parts Larger than Drainage = No cleaned parts for which the machine is authorized to clean are larger than the internal drainage facility of the machine.
DA-408	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-1	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Boiler or process heater design heat input capacity less than 44 MW (150 MMBtu/hr).
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.
DA-408	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-2	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Boiler or process heater design heat input capacity greater than or equal to 44 MW (150 MMBtu/hr).
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
DA-408	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-3	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Boiler or process heater design heat input capacity less than 44 MW (150 MMBtu/hr).
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.
DA-408	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-4	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Flare.
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.
DA-408	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-5	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Boiler or process heater design heat input capacity greater than or equal to 44 MW (150 MMBtu/hr).
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
DA-408	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-6	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Boiler or process heater design heat input capacity greater than or equal to 44 MW (150 MMBtu/hr).
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.
DA-409	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-1	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Boiler or process heater design heat input capacity less than 44 MW (150 MMBtu/hr).
			Vent Type = Two or more distillation units discharging vent stream into a common vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.
DA-409	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-2	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Boiler or process heater design heat input capacity greater than or equal to 44 MW (150 MMBtu/hr).
			Vent Type = Two or more distillation units discharging vent stream into a common vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
DA-409	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-3	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Boiler or process heater design heat input capacity less than 44 MW (150 MMBtu/hr).
			Vent Type = Two or more distillation units discharging vent stream into a common vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.
DA-409	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-5	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Boiler or process heater design heat input capacity greater than or equal to 44 MW (150 MMBtu/hr).
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.
DA-409	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-6	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Boiler or process heater design heat input capacity greater than or equal to 44 MW (150 MMBtu/hr).
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
DA-409	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-9	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Flare.
			Vent Type = Two or more distillation units discharging vent stream into a common vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.
T-301	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-22	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Flare.
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.
T-301	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-23	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Flare.
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
T-302	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-22	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Flare.
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.
T-302	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-23	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, co-product, by-product, or intermediate.
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Flare.
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.
V-309	30 TAC Chapter 115, Industrial	R5142-1	Petroleum Refinery = The affected source category is not a petroleum refinery.
	Wastewater		Wastewater Component Type = The component is not a wet weather retention basin, exempted by §115.147(2), not a biotreatment unit.
			Alternate Control Requirement = An alternate control requirement (ACR) or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910 is not used.
			Roof or Seal Type = The wastewater component does not have a floating roof or internal floating roof.
			Control Devices = Flare.
			90% Overall Control Option = The unit is complying with the control requirements of 30 TAC § 115.142.
			Monitoring Type = The monitoring requirements of 30 TAC §§ 115.144(3)(A) - (H) are being used.
			Safety Hazard Exemption = No safety hazard exemption has been requested or none has been approved.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
V-309	30 TAC Chapter 115, Industrial	R5142-2	Petroleum Refinery = The affected source category is not a petroleum refinery.
	Wastewater		Wastewater Component Type = The component is not a wet weather retention basin, exempted by §115.147(2), not a biotreatment unit.
			Alternate Control Requirement = An alternate control requirement (ACR) or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910 is not used.
			Roof or Seal Type = The wastewater component does not have a floating roof or internal floating roof.
			Control Devices = Flare.
			90% Overall Control Option = The unit is complying with the control requirements of 30 TAC § 115.142.
			Monitoring Type = The monitoring requirements of 30 TAC §§ 115.144(3)(A) - (H) are being used.
			Safety Hazard Exemption = No safety hazard exemption has been requested or none has been approved.
V-5400	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR	60RRR-1	Chemicals Listed in 40 CFR § 60.707 = The affected facility is part of a process unit that produces chemicals listed in 40 CFR § 60.707 as a product, co-product, by product, or intermediate.
			Total Design Capacity = Total design capacity is 1 gigagram per year (1,100 tons per year) or greater.
			Bypass Line = There is no bypass line valve.
			Construction/Modification Date = After June 29, 1990.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Vent stream flow rate is 0.011 scm/min or greater, or value is not measured.
			Affected Facility Type = Combination of two or more reactor processes and the common recovery system into which their vent streams are discharged.
			Bypass Line Valve Secured = The bypass line valve is monitored with a flow indicator.
			TOC Exemption = No TOC concentration exemption.
			Control Device = Flare that meets the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.18.
			Subject to Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD = The reactor process is not subject to the provisions of Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD.
			Subject to Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN = The vent stream is not routed to a distillation unit subject to Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN or has other releases to the air than from a pressure relief valve.
			TRE Index Value = TRE index value is less than or equal to 8.0 or a TRE index value is not calculated or claimed for exemption 40 CFR § 60.700(c)(2).
			TRE for Halogenated Vent Stream = TRE index value is being calculated for a nonhalogenated vent stream.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
V-5400	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR	60RRR-2	Chemicals Listed in 40 CFR § 60.707 = The affected facility is part of a process unit that produces chemicals listed in 40 CFR § 60.707 as a product, co-product, by product, or intermediate.
			Total Design Capacity = Total design capacity is 1 gigagram per year (1,100 tons per year) or greater.
			Bypass Line = There is no bypass line valve.
			Construction/Modification Date = After June 29, 1990.
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Vent stream flow rate is 0.011 scm/min or greater, or value is not measured.
			Affected Facility Type = Combination of two or more reactor processes and the common recovery system into which their vent streams are discharged.
			Bypass Line Valve Secured = The bypass line valve is monitored with a flow indicator.
			TOC Exemption = No TOC concentration exemption.
			Control Device = Flare that meets the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.18.
			Subject to Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD = The reactor process is not subject to the provisions of Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD.
			Subject to Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN = The vent stream is not routed to a distillation unit subject to Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN or has other releases to the air than from a pressure relief valve.
			TRE Index Value = TRE index value is less than or equal to 8.0 or a TRE index value is not calculated or claimed for exemption 40 CFR § 60.700(c)(2).
			TRE for Halogenated Vent Stream = TRE index value is being calculated for a nonhalogenated vent stream.
E-24-FLARE	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Facility Type = Ethylene production facility
F-17-FLARE	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF	Unit Type = Containers and individual drain systems CLOSED VENT SYSTEM AND CONTROL DEVICE AMOC = Complying with the requirements of § 61.349 By-pass Line = System does not contain by-pass lines Control Device Type/Operation = Flare.
F-17-FLARE	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63G	Alternate Monitoring Parameters = Complying with the monitoring parameters specified in Subpart G. Unit Type = Any combination of waste management units, excluding containers and drains. New Source = Source is an existing source Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is subject to and complying with 40 CFR § 63.172. By-pass Lines = No by-pass lines. Combination of Control Devices = Vent stream is treated using a single control device. Control Device Type = Flare. Monitoring Options = Control device is using the monitoring parameters specified in Table 13 of Subpart G.
F-40-FLARE	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF	Unit Type = Containers and individual drain systems CLOSED VENT SYSTEM AND CONTROL DEVICE AMOC = Complying with the requirements of § 61.349 By-pass Line = System does not contain by-pass lines Control Device Type/Operation = Flare.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
F-40-FLARE	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63G	Alternate Monitoring Parameters = Complying with the monitoring parameters specified in Subpart G.
			Unit Type = Any combination of waste management units, excluding containers and drains.
			New Source = Source is an existing source
			Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is subject to and complying with 40 CFR § 63.172.
			By-pass Lines = No by-pass lines.
			Combination of Control Devices = Vent stream is treated using a single control device.
			Control Device Type = Flare.
			Monitoring Options = Control device is using the monitoring parameters specified in Table 13 of Subpart G.
PROCU1544	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Category = ETHYLENE PRODUCTION
PROCU1740	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Category = ETHYLENE PRODUCTION
PROCU1741	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart F	63F	Applicable Chemicals = The chemical manufacturing process unit manufactures, as a primary product, one or more of the chemicals listed in 40 CFR § 63.100(b)(1)(i) or 40 CFR § 63.100(b)(1)(ii).
			Intervening Cooling Fluid = There is no intervening cooling fluid containing less than 5 percent by weight of total HAPs listed in Table 4 of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart F, between the process and cooling water.
			Table 2 HAP = The chemical manufacturing process unit uses as a reactant or manufactures, as a product or co-product, one or more of the organic hazardous air pollutants in Table 2.
			Table 4 HAP Content = The recirculating heat exchange system is not used exclusively to cool process fluids that contain less than 5 percent by weight of total HAPs listed in Table 4 of title 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart F.
			Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = No alternative means of emission limitation has been approved by the EPA Administrator to achieve a reduction in organic HAP emission or no alternate has been requested.
			Heat Exchange System = A heat exchange system is utilized.
			Cooling Water Monitored = The cooling water is being monitored for the presence of one or more HAPs or other representative substances whose presence in cooling water indicates a leak.
			Cooling Water Pressure = The heat exchange system is not operated with the minimum pressure on the cooling water side at least 35 kilopascals greater than the maximum pressure on the process side.

^{* -} The "unit attributes" or operating conditions that determine what requirements apply

NSR Versus Title V FOP

The state of Texas has two Air permitting programs, New Source Review (NSR) and Title V Federal Operating Permits. The two programs are substantially different both in intent and permit content.

NSR is a preconstruction permitting program authorized by the Texas Clean Air Act and Title I of the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA). The processing of these permits is governed by 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 116.111. The Title V Federal Operating Program is a federal program authorized under Title V of the FCAA that has been delegated to the state of Texas to administer and is governed by 30 TAC Chapter 122. The major differences between the two permitting programs are listed in the table below:

NSR Permit	Federal Operating Permit(FOP)
Issued Prior to new Construction or modification of an existing facility	For initial permit with application shield, can be issued after operation commences; significant revisions require approval prior to operation.
Authorizes air emissions	Codifies existing applicable requirements, does not authorize new emissions
Ensures issued permits are protective of the environment and human health by conducting a health effects review and that requirement for best available control technology (BACT) is implemented.	Applicable requirements listed in permit are used by the inspectors to ensure proper operation of the site as authorized. Ensures that adequate monitoring is in place to allow compliance determination with the FOP.
Up to two Public notices may be required. Opportunity for public comment and contested case hearings for some authorizations.	One public notice required. Opportunity for public comments. No contested case hearings.
Applies to all point source emissions in the state.	Applies to all major sources and some non-major sources identified by the EPA.
Applies to facilities: a portion of site or individual emission sources	One or multiple FOPs cover the entire site (consists of multiple facilities)
Permits include terms and conditions under which the applicant must construct and operate its various equipment and processes on a facility basis.	Permits include terms and conditions that specify the general operational requirements of the site; and also include codification of all applicable requirements for emission units at the site.
Opportunity for EPA review for Federal Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) and Nonattainment (NA) permits for major sources.	Opportunity for EPA review, Affected states review, and a Public petition period for every FOP.
Permits have a table listing maximum emission limits for pollutants	Permit has an applicable requirements table and Periodic Monitoring (PM) / Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) tables which document applicable monitoring requirements.
Permits can be altered or amended upon application by company. Permits must be issued before construction or modification of facilities can begin.	Permits can be revised through several revision processes, which provide for different levels of public notice and opportunity to comment. Changes that would be significant revisions require that a revised permit be issued before those changes can be operated.
NSR permits are issued independent of FOP requirements.	FOP are independent of NSR permits, but contain a list of all NSR permits incorporated by reference

New Source Review Requirements

Below is a list of the New Source Review (NSR) permits for the permitted area. These NSR permits are incorporated by reference into the operating permit and are enforceable under it. These permits can be found in the main TCEQ file room,

located on the first floor of Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas. In addition, many of the permits are accessible online through the link provided below. The Public Education Program may be contacted at 1-800-687-4040 or the Air Permits Division (APD) may be contacted at 1-512-239-1250 for help with any question.

Additionally, the site contains emission units that are permitted by rule under the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 106, Permits by Rule. Registrations submitted by permittees are also available online through the link provided below. The following table specifies the permits by rule that apply to the site.

The status of air permits, applications, and Permits by Rule (PBR) registrations may be found by performing the appropriate search of the databases located at the following website:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_status_permits.html

Details on how to search the databases are available in the **Obtaining Permit Documents** section below.

New Source Review Authorization References

Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Permits					
PSD Permit No.: PSDTX1248	PSD Permit No.: PSDTX1248 Issuance Date: 01/09/2017				
Title 30 TAC Chapter 116 Permits, Special Pe Permits, or NA Permits) for the Application A	rmits, and Other Authorizations (Other Than Permits By Rule, PSD rea.				
Authorization No.: 103765	Issuance Date: 11/19/2014				
Authorization No.: 21101	Issuance Date: 01/09/2017				
Permits By Rule (30 TAC Chapter 106) for the	Application Area				
Number: 106.183	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003				
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003				
Number: 106.263	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001				
Number: 106.264	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.265	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.355	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001				
Number: 106.371	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.373	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.412	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.433	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.452	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.472	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.473	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.475	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.476	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.478	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.492	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000				
Number: 106.511	Version No./Date: 03/14/1997				

New Source Review Authorization References

Number: 106.511	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.512	Version No./Date: 06/13/2001
Number: 106.533	Version No./Date: 07/04/2004
Number: 5	Version No./Date: 05/04/1994

Emission Units and Emission Points

In air permitting terminology, any source capable of generating emissions (for example, an engine or a sandblasting area) is called an Emission Unit. For purposes of Title V, emission units are specifically listed in the operating permit when they have applicable requirements other than New Source Review (NSR), or when they are listed in the permit shield table.

The actual physical location where the emissions enter the atmosphere (for example, an engine stack or a sand-blasting yard) is called an emission point. For New Source Review preconstruction permitting purposes, every emission unit has an associated emission point. Emission limits are listed in an NSR permit, associated with an emission point. This list of emission points and emission limits per pollutant is commonly referred to as the "Maximum Allowable Emission Rate Table", or "MAERT" for short. Specifically, the MAERT lists the Emission Point Number (EPN) that identifies the emission point, followed immediately by the Source Name, identifying the emission unit that is the source of those emissions on this table.

Thus, by reference, an emission unit in a Title V operating permit is linked by reference number to an NSR authorization, and its related emission point.

Monitoring Sufficiency

Federal and state rules, 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(B) and 30 TAC § 122.142(c) respectively, require that each federal operating permit include additional monitoring for applicable requirements that lack periodic or instrumental monitoring (which may include recordkeeping that serves as monitoring) that yields reliable data from a relevant time period that are representative of the emission unit's compliance with the applicable emission limitation or standard. Furthermore, the federal operating permit must include compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) requirements for emission sources that meet the applicability criteria of 40 CFR Part 64 in accordance with 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(A) and 30 TAC § 122.604(b).

With the exception of any emission units listed in the Periodic Monitoring or CAM Summaries in the FOP, the TCEQ Executive Director has determined that the permit contains sufficient monitoring, testing, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements that assure compliance with the applicable requirements. If applicable, each emission unit that requires additional monitoring in the form of periodic monitoring or CAM is described in further detail under the Rationale for CAM/PM Methods Selected section following this paragraph.

Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected

Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM):

Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) is a federal monitoring program established under Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 64 (40 CFR Part 64).

Emission units are subject to CAM requirements if they meet the following criteria:

- 1. the emission unit is subject to an emission limitation or standard for an air pollutant (or surrogate thereof) in an applicable requirement;
- 2. the emission unit uses a control device to achieve compliance with the emission limitation or standard specified in the applicable requirement; and

3. the emission unit has the pre-control device potential to emit greater than or equal to the amount in tons per year for a site to be classified as a major source.

The following table(s) identify the emission unit(s) that are subject to CAM:

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: E-17-HDR		
Control Device ID No.: F-17-FLARE	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-1	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: No pilot flame when waste gas is routed to the flare.		
Basis of CAM: It is widely practiced and accepted to monitor the flare pilot flame by closed circuit cameras, thermocouples and visual inspection. The presence of the pilot flame demonstrates that VOC emissions are combusted. Monitoring the presence of a pilot flame is required in many federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts K, III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; and 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, W, DD, and HH.		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: E-17-HDR		
Control Device ID No.: F-17-FLARE	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-2	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: No pilot flame when waste gas is routed to the flare.		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: E-24-HDR		
Control Device ID No.: E-24-FLARE	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-1	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: No pilot flame when waste gas is routed to the flare.		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: E-24-HDR		
Control Device ID No.: E-24-FLARE	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-2	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: No pilot flame when waste gas is routed to the flare.		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: E-40-HDR		
Control Device ID No.: F-40-FLARE	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-1	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: No pilot flame when waste gas is routed to the flare.		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: E-40-HDR		
Control Device Type: Flare		
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
SOP Index No.: R5121-2		
Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)		
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		
Averaging Period: n/a		
	SOP Index No.: R5121-2	

Deviation Limit: No pilot flame when waste gas is routed to the flare.

DD, and HH.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: FGHDR		
Control Device ID No.: GRPBOIL	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is greater than or equal to 44MW)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-1	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Period of Operation		
Minimum Frequency: n/a		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Any period of operation that is not recorded		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: FGHDR		
Control Device ID No.: GRPFUR01	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is less than 44MW)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-3	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Period of Operation		
Minimum Frequency: n/a		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Any period of operation that is not recorded		

Basis of CAM: A common way to control VOC emissions is to either route emissions to a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater with minimum temperatures of 1100 °C and residence times greater than one second, or to introduce the vent stream with the primary fuel, or as the primary fuel, into the flame zone of a boiler or process heater. Boilers and process heaters with the stated design and/or process operation have demonstrated to meet 98% reduction efficiency; therefore, it is only necessary to document the period of operation of the control equipment. Boilers and process heaters in which all vent streams are introduced with the primary fuel, or as the primary fuel, into the flame zone are exempt from temperature monitoring in some federal rules, such as 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart SS.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: FGHDR		
Control Device ID No.: GRPFUR02	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is greater than or equal to 44MW)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-5	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Period of Operation		
Minimum Frequency: n/a		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Any period of operation that is not recorded		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: FGHDR		
Control Device ID No.: GRPFUR03	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is less than 44MW)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-7	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Period of Operation		
Minimum Frequency: n/a		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Any period of operation that is not recorded		

Basis of CAM: A common way to control VOC emissions is to either route emissions to a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater with minimum temperatures of 1100 °C and residence times greater than one second, or to introduce the vent stream with the primary fuel, or as the primary fuel, into the flame zone of a boiler or process heater. Boilers and process heaters with the stated design and/or process operation have demonstrated to meet 98% reduction efficiency; therefore, it is only necessary to document the period of operation of the control equipment. Boilers and process heaters in which all vent streams are introduced with the primary fuel, or as the primary fuel, into the flame zone are exempt from temperature monitoring in some federal rules, such as 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart SS.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: FGHDR		
Control Device ID No.: BA-113	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is greater than or equal to 44MW)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-9	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Period of Operation		
Minimum Frequency: n/a		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Any period of operation that is not recorded		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: FGHDR		
Control Device ID No.: BA-113	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is greater than or equal to 44MW)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-10	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Period of Operation		
Minimum Frequency: n/a		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Any period of operation that is not recorded		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: FGHDR		
Control Device ID No.: GRPBOIL	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is greater than or equal to 44MW)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-2	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Period of Operation		
Minimum Frequency: n/a		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Any period of operation that is not recorded		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: FGHDR		
Control Device ID No.: GRPFUR01	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is less than 44MW)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-4	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Period of Operation		
Minimum Frequency: n/a		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Any period of operation that is not recorded		

Basis of CAM: A common way to control VOC emissions is to either route emissions to a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater with minimum temperatures of 1100 °C and residence times greater than one second, or to introduce the vent stream with the primary fuel, or as the primary fuel, into the flame zone of a boiler or process heater. Boilers and process heaters with the stated design and/or process operation have demonstrated to meet 98% reduction efficiency; therefore, it is only necessary to document the period of operation of the control equipment. Boilers and process heaters in which all vent streams are introduced with the primary fuel, or as the primary fuel, into the flame zone are exempt from temperature monitoring in some federal rules, such as 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart SS.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: FGHDR		
Control Device ID No.: GRPFUR02	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is greater than or equal to 44MW)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-6	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Period of Operation		
Minimum Frequency: n/a		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Any period of operation that is not recorded		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: FGHDR		
Control Device ID No.: GRPFUR03	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is less than 44MW)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-8	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Period of Operation		
Minimum Frequency: n/a		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Any period of operation that is not recorded		

Basis of CAM: A common way to control VOC emissions is to either route emissions to a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater with minimum temperatures of 1100 °C and residence times greater than one second, or to introduce the vent stream with the primary fuel, or as the primary fuel, into the flame zone of a boiler or process heater. Boilers and process heaters with the stated design and/or process operation have demonstrated to meet 98% reduction efficiency; therefore, it is only necessary to document the period of operation of the control equipment. Boilers and process heaters in which all vent streams are introduced with the primary fuel, or as the primary fuel, into the flame zone are exempt from temperature monitoring in some federal rules, such as 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart SS.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: T-2000		
Control Device ID No.: F-40-FLARE	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	SOP Index No.: R5131-1	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.132(a)(3)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: No pilot flame when waste gas is routed to the flare.		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: T-2000		
Control Device ID No.: F-17-FLARE	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	SOP Index No.: R5131-2	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.132(a)(3)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: No pilot flame when waste gas is routed to the flare.		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: V-309		
Control Device ID No.: F-40-FLARE	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Industrial Wastewater	SOP Index No.: R5142-1	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.142(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		
Averaging Period: n/a		

Deviation Limit: No pilot flame when waste gas is routed to the flare.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: V-309		
Control Device ID No.: F-17-FLARE	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Industrial Wastewater	SOP Index No.: R5142-2	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.142(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Continuous		
Averaging Period: n/a		

Deviation Limit: No pilot flame when waste gas is routed to the flare.

DD, and HH.

Periodic Monitoring:

The Federal Clean Air Act requires that each federal operating permit include monitoring sufficient to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit. Most of the emission limits and standards applicable to emission units at Title V sources include adequate monitoring to show that the units meet the limits and standards. For those requirements that do not include monitoring, or where the monitoring is not sufficient to assure compliance, the federal operating permit must include such monitoring for the emission units affected. The following emission units are subject to periodic monitoring requirements because the emission units are subject to an emission limitation or standard for an air pollutant (or surrogate thereof) in an applicable requirement that does not already require monitoring, or the monitoring for the applicable requirement is not sufficient to assure compliance:

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: DEG1		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Degreasing Processes	SOP Index No.: R5412(1)	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.412(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visual Inspection		
Minimum Frequency: Monthly		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Any monitoring data which indicates that the cold cleaner is not in compliance with the applicable requirements of 30 TAC § 115.412(1) (A)-(F).		
Basis of monitoring:		

Basis of monitoring:

The monitoring option to cover cold cleaner or the open-top vapor cleaner was included in the EPA "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Document" (April 1999) to monitor VOC sources. In addition to covering the cleaner records of monthly inspections of equipment is an effective way to ensure that the system is operating in accordance with its design.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: E-01A-1544		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R1111	
Pollutant: PM (Opacity)	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(A)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Fuel Type		

Indicator: Fuel Type

Minimum Frequency: Annually or at any time an alternate fuel is used

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: During the firing of an alternate fuel, the presence of visible emission or an opacity greater than 30% averaged over a six minute period

Basis of monitoring:

Industry has demonstrated through performance tests and historical data that opacity and particulate matter standards are consistently met when combustion units fire natural gas only. If the emission unit fires a different fuel for more than 24 hours, the permit holder may elect to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Opacity and visible emissions have been used as an indicator of particulate emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart F and Subpart HH. In addition, use of these indicators is consistent with the EPA's "Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998). Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations and the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 for a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS). The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRPBOIL		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R1111	
Pollutant: Opacity	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(C)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visible Emissions		
Minimum Frequency: once per week		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: 15% Opacity		

Basis of monitoring:

The option to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations. The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRPFUR01		
Control Device ID No.: N/A Control Device Type: N/A		
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R1111	
Pollutant: Opacity	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(A)	
Monitoring Information		

Indicator: Fuel Type

Minimum Frequency: Annually or at any time an alternate fuel is used

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: During the firing of an alternate fuel, the presence of visible emission or an opacity greater than 30% averaged over a six minute period

Basis of monitoring:

Industry has demonstrated through performance tests and historical data that opacity and particulate matter standards are consistently met when combustion units fire natural gas only. If the emission unit fires a different fuel for more than 24 hours, the permit holder may elect to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Opacity and visible emissions have been used as an indicator of particulate emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart F and Subpart HH. In addition, use of these indicators is consistent with the EPA's "Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998). Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations and the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 for a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS). The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRPFUR02		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R1111	
Pollutant: Opacity	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(B)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visible Emissions		
Minimum Frequency: Once per week		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Opacity greater than 20% averaged o	ver a six minute period	

Basis of monitoring:

The option to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Opacity and visible emissions have been used as an indicator of particulate emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart F and Subpart HH. In addition, use of these indicators is consistent with the EPA's "Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998). Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations and the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 for a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS). The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRPFUR03		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R1111	
Pollutant: Opacity	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(A)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visible Emissions		
Minimum Frequency: Once per week		
Averaging Period: n/a		

Basis of monitoring:

The option to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Opacity and visible emissions have been used as an indicator of particulate emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart F and Subpart HH. In addition, use of these indicators is consistent with the EPA's "Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998). Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations and the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 for a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS). The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.

Deviation Limit: Opacity greater than 30% averaged over a six minute period

Obtaining Permit Documents

The New Source Review Authorization References table in the FOP specifies all NSR authorizations that apply at the permit area covered by the FOP. Individual NSR permitting files are located in the TCEQ Central File Room (TCEQ Main Campus located at 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, Building E, Room 103). They can also be obtained electronically from TCEQ's Central File Room Online (https://www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/cfr-online). Guidance documents that describe how to search electronic records, including Permits by Rule (PBRs) or NSR permits incorporated by reference into an FOP, archived in the Central File Room server are available at https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_status_permits.html

All current PBRs are contained in Chapter 106 and can be viewed at the following website:

https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/air_pbr_index.html

Previous versions of 30 TAC Chapter 106 PBRs may be viewed at the following website:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical_rules/old106list/index106.html

Historical Standard Exemption lists may be viewed at the following website:

www.tceg.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical rules/oldselist/se index.html

Additional information concerning PBRs is available on the TCEQ website:

https://www.tceg.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air pbr.html

Compliance Review

- 1. In accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 60, the compliance history was reviewed on <u>December 28, 2017</u>. Site rating: <u>17.80 / Satisfactory</u> Company rating: <u>5.32 / Satisfactory</u> (High < 0.10; Satisfactory ≥ 0.10 and ≤ 55; Unsatisfactory > 55)
- 2. Has the permit changed on the basis of the compliance history or site/company rating?......No

Permit reviewer notes:

The rating date is 09/01/2015, which is based on the application receive date of 03/29/2016.

Site/Permit Area Compliance Status Review

Were there any out-of-compliance units listed on Form OP-ACPS?

 Is a compliance plan and schedule included in the permit?

No

Permit reviewer notes:

The renewal application received on 03/29/2016 included a compliance plan and schedule. As part of an application update received on 05/24/2017, the applicant indicated that all non-compliance issues had been resolved.

Available Unit Attribute Forms

- OP-UA1 Miscellaneous and Generic Unit Attributes
- OP-UA2 Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine Attributes
- OP-UA3 Storage Tank/Vessel Attributes
- OP-UA4 Loading/Unloading Operations Attributes
- OP-UA5 Process Heater/Furnace Attributes
- OP-UA6 Boiler/Steam Generator/Steam Generating Unit Attributes
- OP-UA7 Flare Attributes
- OP-UA8 Coal Preparation Plant Attributes
- OP-UA9 Nonmetallic Mineral Process Plant Attributes
- OP-UA10 Gas Sweetening/Sulfur Recovery Unit Attributes

- OP-UA11 Stationary Turbine Attributes
- OP-UA12 Fugitive Emission Unit Attributes
- OP-UA13 Industrial Process Cooling Tower Attributes
- OP-UA14 Water Separator Attributes
- OP-UA15 Emission Point/Stationary Vent/Distillation Operation/Process Vent Attributes
- OP-UA16 Solvent Degreasing Machine Attributes
- OP-UA17 Distillation Unit Attributes
- OP-UA18 Surface Coating Operations Attributes
- OP-UA19 Wastewater Unit Attributes
- OP-UA20 Asphalt Operations Attributes
- OP-UA21 Grain Elevator Attributes
- OP-UA22 Printing Attributes
- OP-UA24 Wool Fiberglass Insulation Manufacturing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA25 Synthetic Fiber Production Attributes
- OP-UA26 Electroplating and Anodizing Unit Attributes
- OP-UA27 Nitric Acid Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA28 Polymer Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA29 Glass Manufacturing Unit Attributes
- OP-UA30 Kraft, Soda, Sulfite, and Stand-Alone Semichemical Pulp Mill Attributes
- OP-UA31 Lead Smelting Attributes
- OP-UA32 Copper and Zinc Smelting/Brass and Bronze Production Attributes
- OP-UA33 Metallic Mineral Processing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA34 Pharmaceutical Manufacturing
- OP-UA35 Incinerator Attributes
- OP-UA36 Steel Plant Unit Attributes
- OP-UA37 Basic Oxygen Process Furnace Unit Attributes
- OP-UA38 Lead-Acid Battery Manufacturing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA39 Sterilization Source Attributes
- OP-UA40 Ferroalloy Production Facility Attributes
- OP-UA41 Dry Cleaning Facility Attributes
- OP-UA42 Phosphate Fertilizer Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA43 Sulfuric Acid Production Attributes
- OP-UA44 Municipal Solid Waste Landfill/Waste Disposal Site Attributes
- OP-UA45 Surface Impoundment Attributes
- OP-UA46 Epoxy Resins and Non-Nylon Polyamides Production Attributes
- OP-UA47 Ship Building and Ship Repair Unit Attributes
- OP-UA48 Air Oxidation Unit Process Attributes
- OP-UA49 Vacuum-Producing System Attributes
- OP-UA50 Fluid Catalytic Cracking Unit Catalyst Regenerator/Fuel Gas Combustion Device/Claus Sulfur Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA51 Dryer/Kiln/Oven Attributes
- OP-UA52 Closed Vent Systems and Control Devices
- OP-UA53 Beryllium Processing Attributes
- OP-UA54 Mercury Chlor-Alkali Cell Attributes
- OP-UA55 Transfer System Attributes
- OP-UA56 Vinyl Chloride Process Attributes
- OP-UA57 Cleaning/Depainting Operation Attributes
- OP-UA58 Treatment Process Attributes
- OP-UA59 Coke By-Product Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA60 Chemical Manufacturing Process Unit Attributes
- OP-UA61 Pulp, Paper, or Paperboard Producing Process Attributes
- OP-UA62 Glycol Dehydration Unit Attributes
- OP-UA63 Vegetable Oil Production Attributes